## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended): A transmitter system, comprising:
  - a spreading code generator that produces a spreading code;
- a spreader that combines the spreading code with an input signal to provide a spread input signal;
- a signal converter that converts the frequency converted spread input signal from a first domain to a second domain to provide a converted spread input signal;
- a mixer for frequency converting the spread input signal to provide an upconverted spread input signal;
- a signal converter that converts the upconverted spread input signal from a first domain to a second domain to provide a converted spread input signal;
- a despreader that despreads the upconverted spread input signal to provide <u>a despread</u> the input signal in the second domain; and
  - an antenna that transmits the despread input signal.
- 2-4. (Cancelled).
- 5. (Currently Amended) The <u>transmitter</u> system of claim 1, further comprising a feedback loop coupling the despreader to the spreader for time aligning the despreading with the spreading.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The <u>transmitter</u> system of claim 1, wherein the first domain is one of a digital domain and an analog domain and the second domain is the other of the digital domain and the analog domain.
- 7. (Cancelled)
- 8. (Currently Amended) The <u>transmitter</u> system of claim 1, wherein the signal converter is one of a delta-sigma analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and a delta-sigma digital-to-analog converter (DAC).
- 9. (Currently Amended) The <u>transmitter</u> system of claim 1, further comprising a clipping component that reduces peaks associated with the spread input signal, the despreader mitigates degradation and out-of-band (OOB) emissions associated with the peak reduction.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The <u>transmitter</u> system of claim 1, wherein at least one of the spreader and the despreader circuit comprises a mixer.
- 11. (Cancelled).
- 12. (Cancelled).
- 13. (Previously Presented) A signal conversion system comprising:
- a spreading code generator that produces a direct sequence spread spectrum (DS-SS) spreading code;
- a spreading circuit that receives an input signal and combines the input signal with the DS-SS spreading code to provide a spread input signal;
  - a clipping component that reduces peaks associated with the spread input signal; and a despreading circuit that despreads the peak reduced spread input signal.

- 14. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein at least one of the spreading circuit and despreading circuit comprises a mixer.
- 15. (Original) The system of claim 13, further comprising a signal converter that converts the spread input signal from a first domain to second domain, the signal converter being one of a digital-to-analog converter (DAC) and an analog-to-digital converter (ADC).
- 16. (Original) The system of claim 15, the signal converter being one of a delta-sigma DAC and a delta-sigma ADC.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 15, further comprising a second signal converter for converting the spread <u>input signal</u> from the second domain to the first domain.
- 18. (Original) The system of claim 15, further comprising a mixer for frequency converting the spread input signal one of before signal conversion and after signal conversion.
- 19. (Previously Presented): A method for transmitting a signal, comprising: spreading a digital signal with a spreading signal code; converting the digital spread signal to an analog signal; modulating the analog signal to produce an upconverted analog signal; despreading the upconverted analog signal to provide a despread signal; and transmitting the despread signal.
- 20-24. (Cancelled).
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 19, further comprising clipping the signal to reduce peaks associated with the signal.

## 26. (Previously Presented): A communication device comprising:

means for generating a direct sequence spread spectrum (DS-SS) spreading code;

means for combining the DS-SS spreading code with an input signal to produce a spread input signal;

means for clipping the spread input signal to remove peaks;

means for converting the spread input signal from a first domain to a second domain; and means for dispreading the spread input signal in the second domain.

## 27. (Cancelled).